



Calibrating an Agent-Based Model of the Ambient Population using Big Data

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Ambient population

Not (only) where people live...



But where they are throughout the day

Quantifying the ambient population

1. Simulating urban flows and (big) data

2. Agent behaviour and activities

3. Study area and data

4. Results and conclusions

Photos show high streets insanely crowded in rush for the last presents



Jen Mills for Metro.co.uk Sunday 20 Dec 2015 2:52 pm



15



Send help (Picture: PA)

It's happened... There are just FIVE days left until Christmas and you'll



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home sculpture

Welcome to Leeds Station
Network Rail

Platforms 8a, 6b and 6a back along platform

Platforms 1 to 5 Toilets

Platform 6c Platform 8b

Way out Platforms 7, 8c and 8d

081938



Possible applications

Crime risk: more people, more crime?

Air pollution risk: more people, more people affected

Calibration data



Census



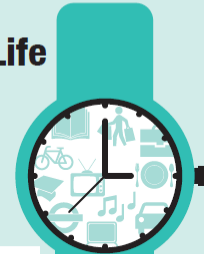
Footfall

NatCen
Social Research that works for society



Everyday Life

Young person diary



Serial number

Person number

Name

Please complete

Day 1

Day 2

Surveys



Twitter / Apps



Smart card



Phone signal data

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Activities and agents

Individual agents that move around to do these activities:

Being home

Working

Shopping

Lunch / dinner in restaurants

Leisure (sports, going out, ...)

Agents

Individuals

» Not yet households

Intensities as a behavioural framework

Agent has a certain intensity
to do each activity in the model

Time intensity: time of day/week

Background intensity: recurrence pattern

→ No predetermined daily schedules for agents

Quantifying the ambient population

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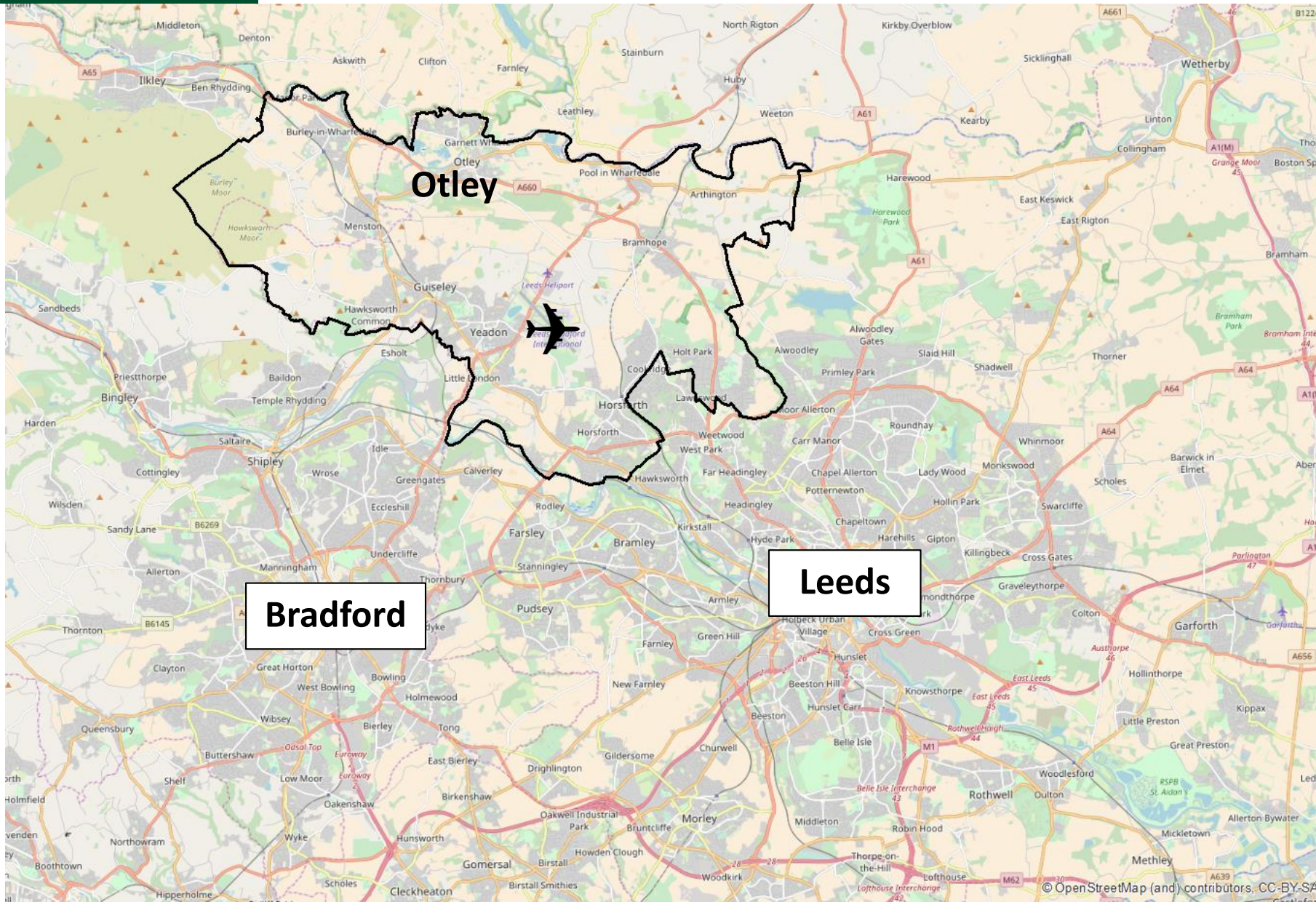
3. Study area and data

4. Results and conclusions

Study area



Study area



Bradford

Leeds

Otley

Data

Census data

Flows between home and work Output areas

→ **Focus on commuters / workdays in the model**

OpenStreetMap

Building functions

Activity surveys (for calibration)

UK Time Use Survey 2014-2015

WiFi sensors (for validation)

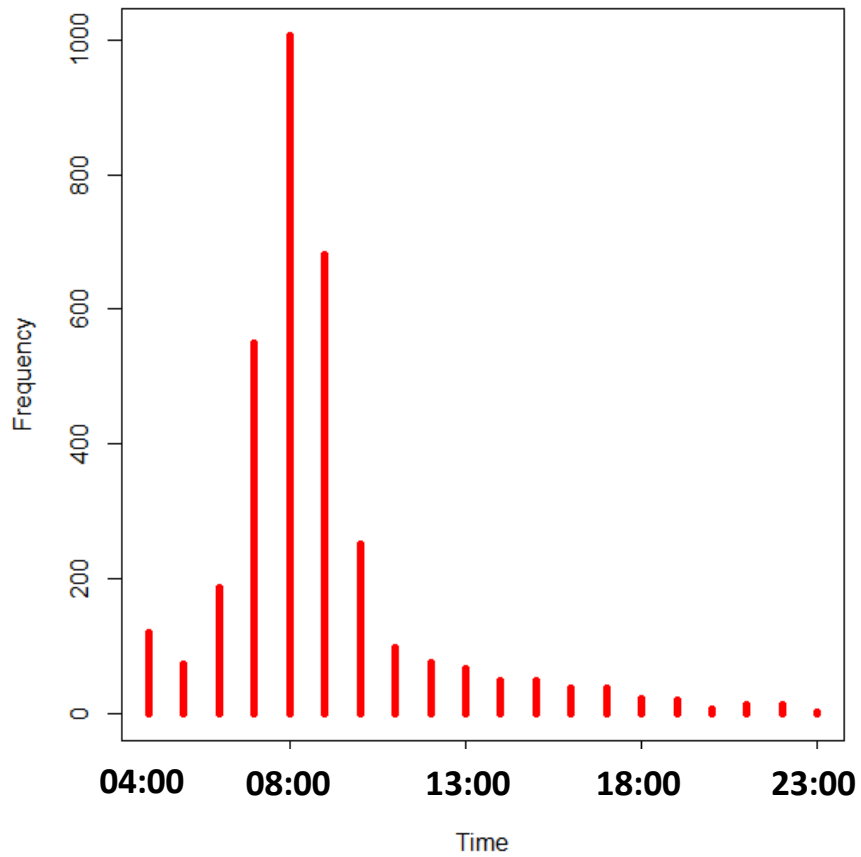
Count individual phones passing by in Otley

UK Time Use Survey

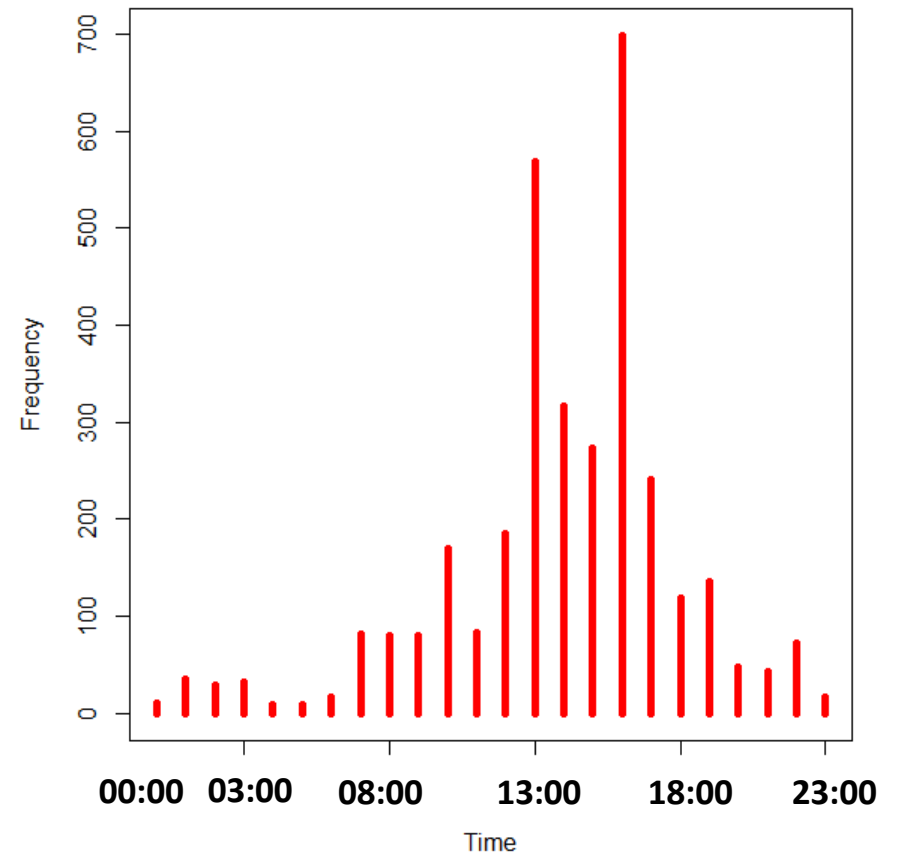
- 2014-2015 (update from 2000-2001)
- 8278 respondents
- Demographic and household information
- Home location at level of counties
- 10 minute intervals
- Main and secondary activities
- Type of location
- Other people they were with
- Computer/tablet/smartphone usage
- Levels of enjoyment
- Only 2 days per person

Working at the office

Start time

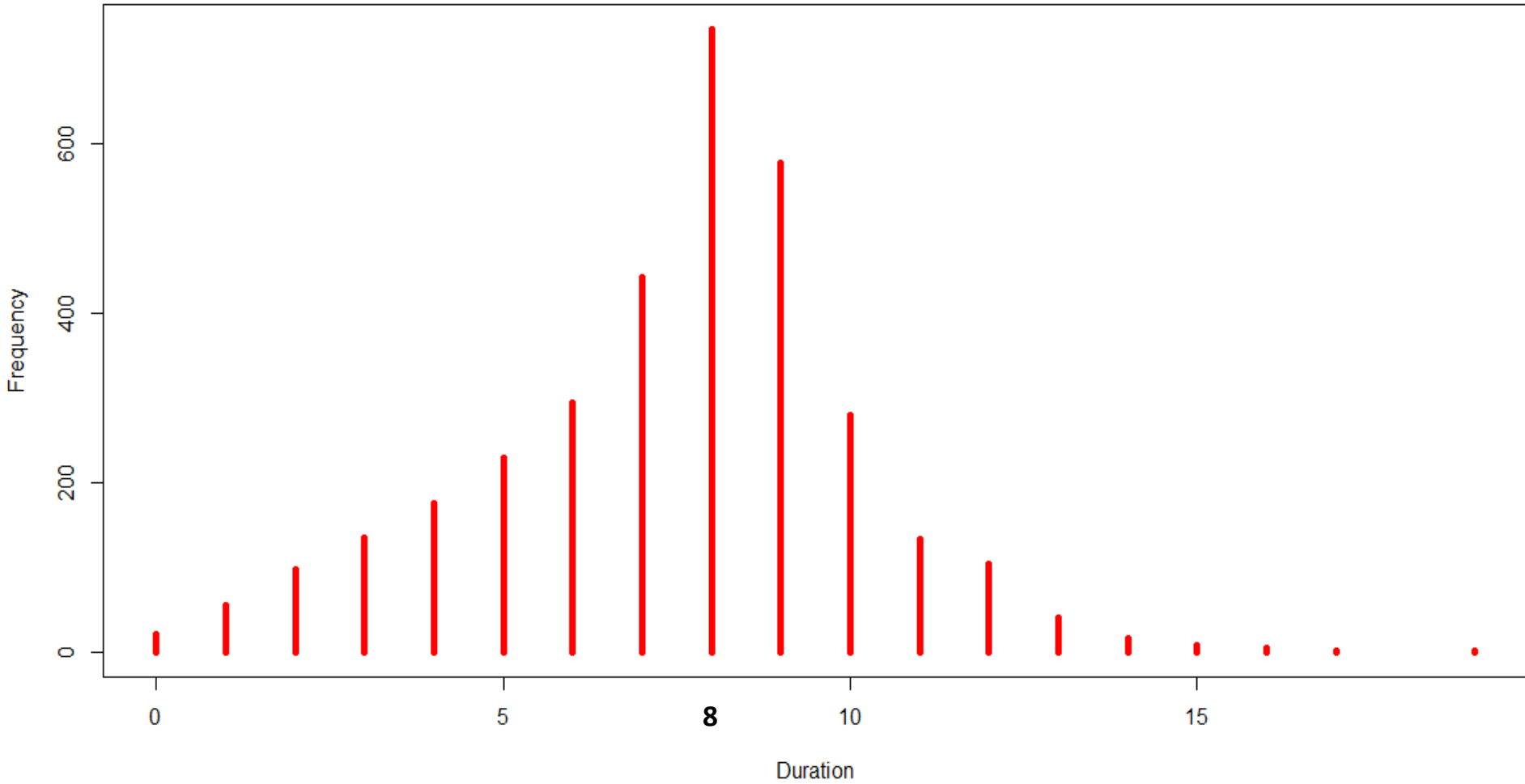


End time



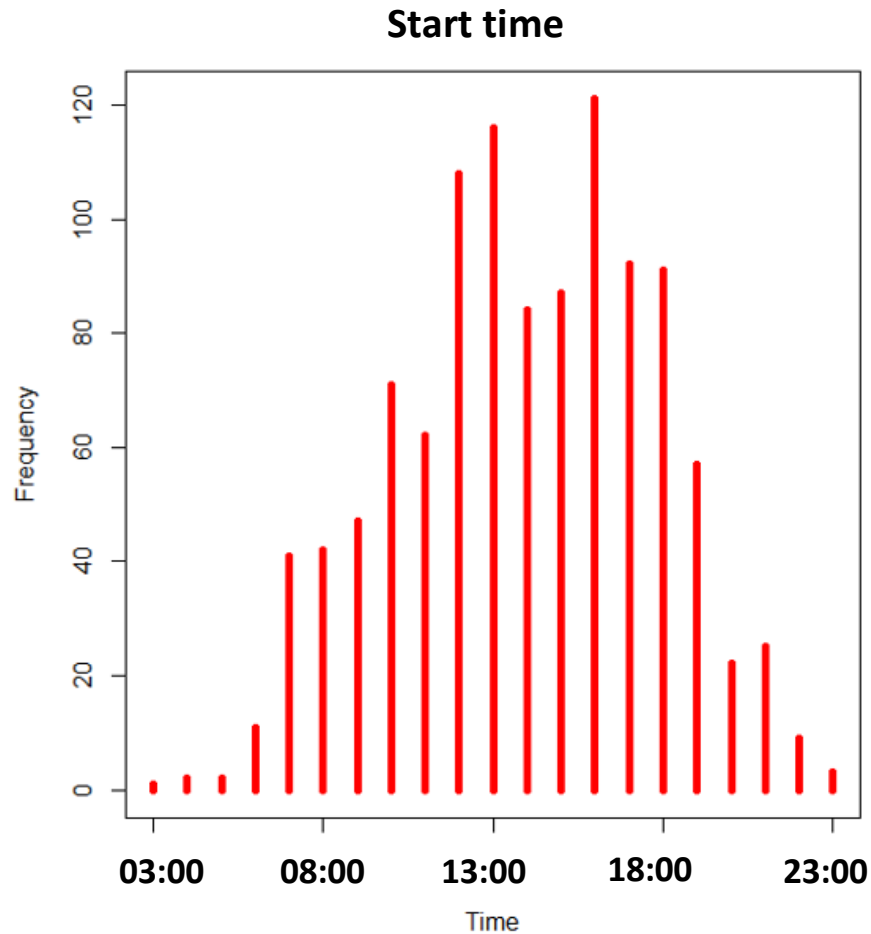
Working at the office

Duration in hours



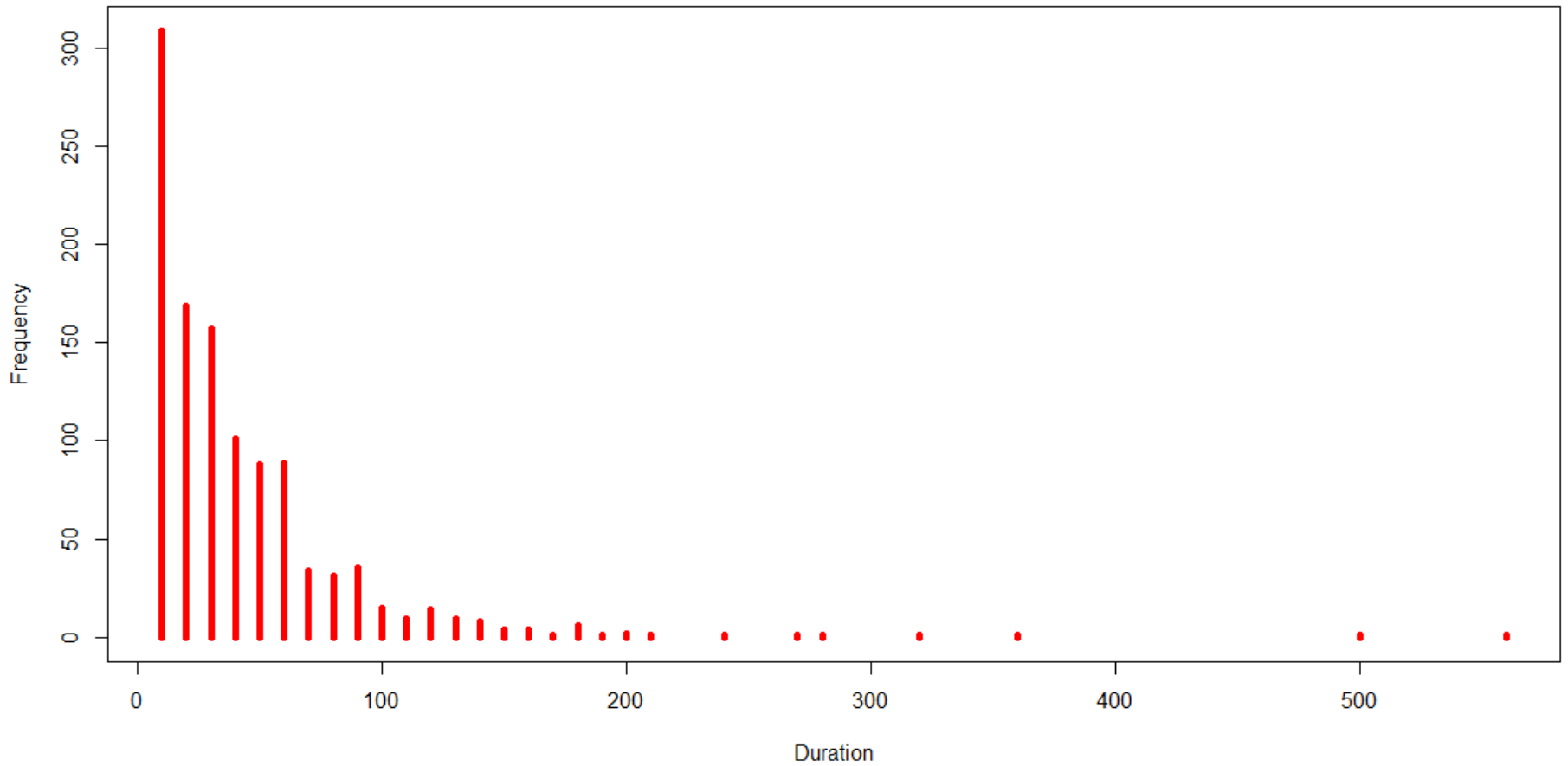
Shopping on a workday

About 30% of respondents do some shopping on a workday



Shopping on a workday

Duration in minutes



Quantifying the ambient population

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Model in action...

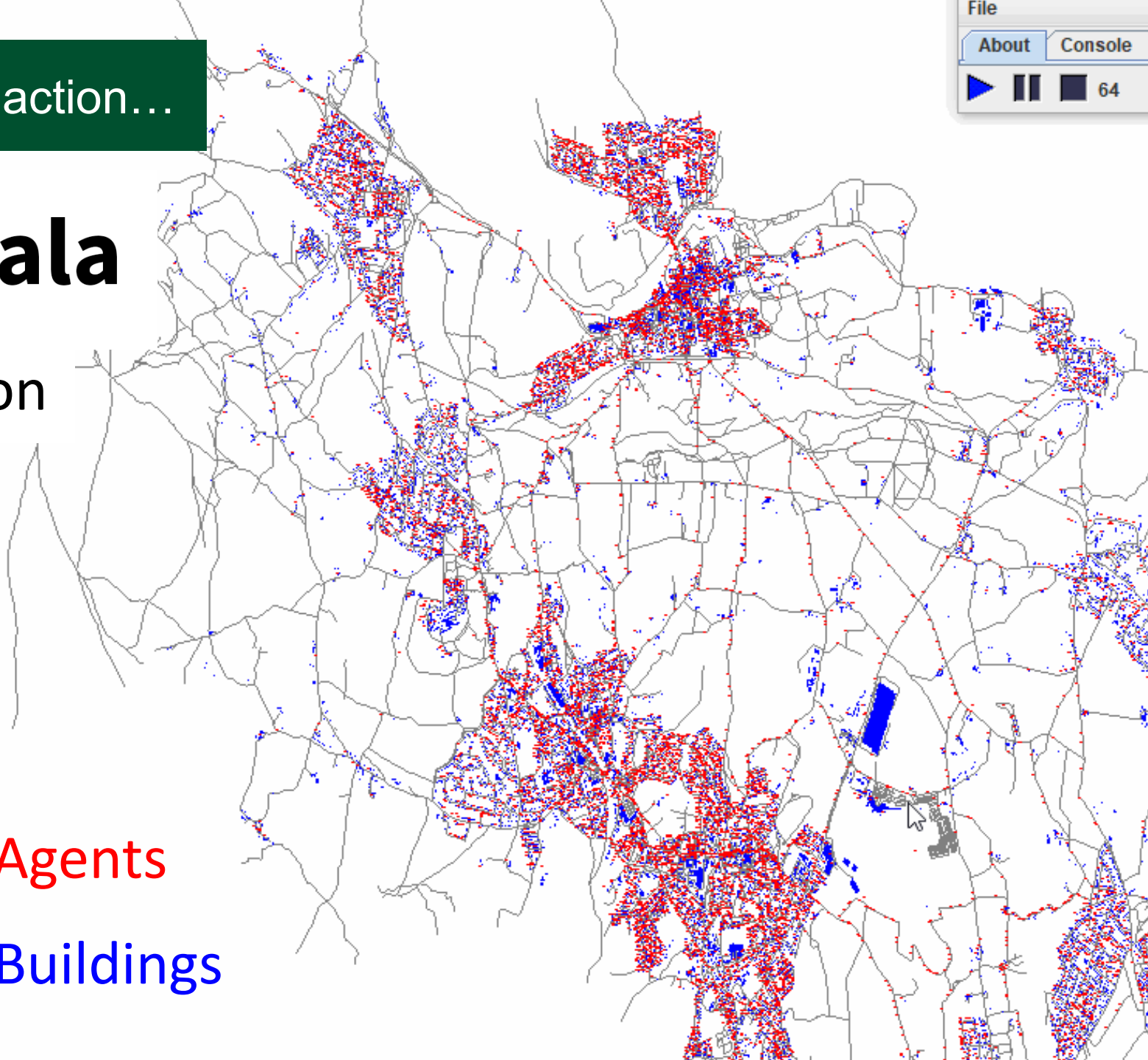


Scala

GeoMason

Agents

Buildings

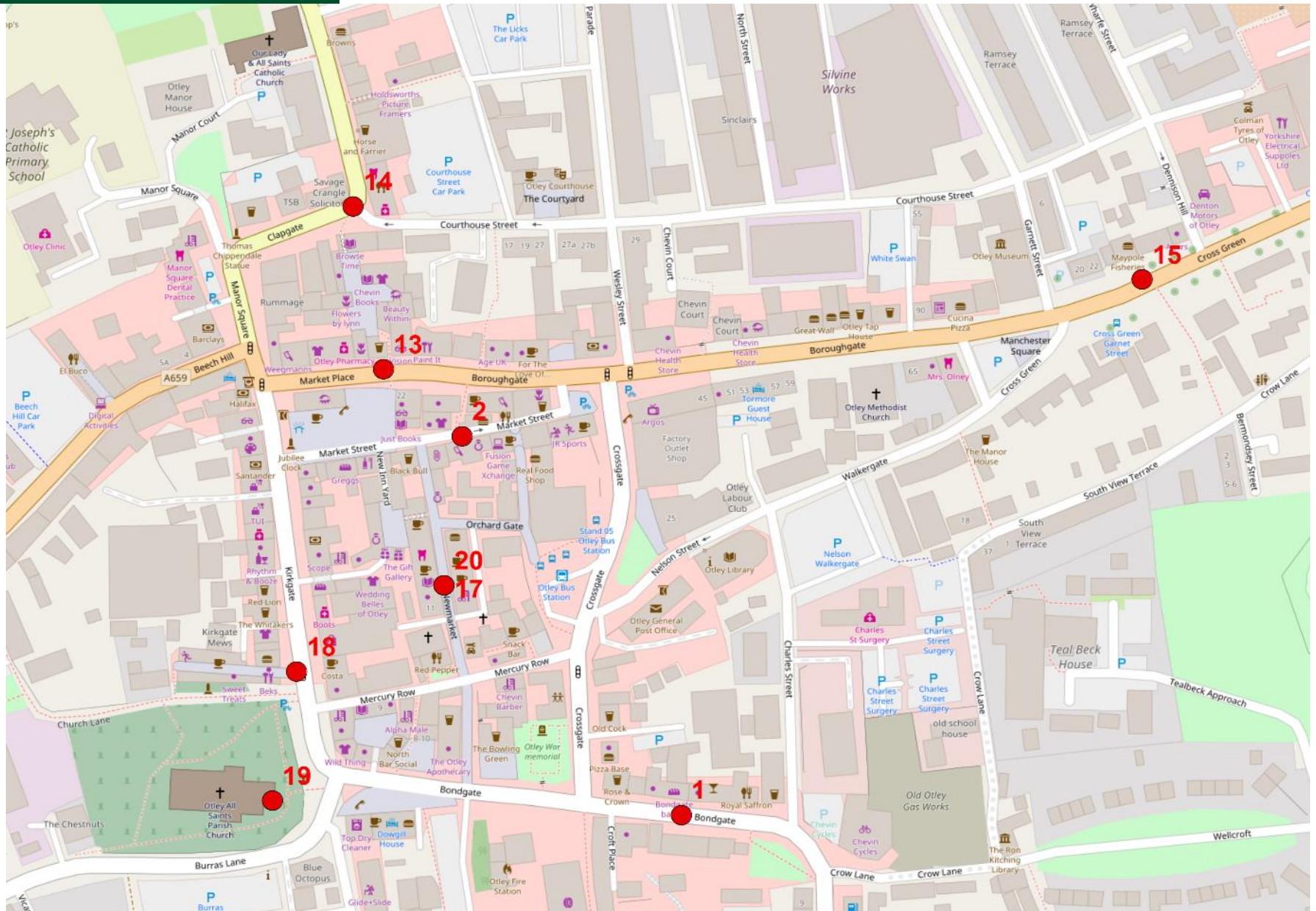


File

About Console

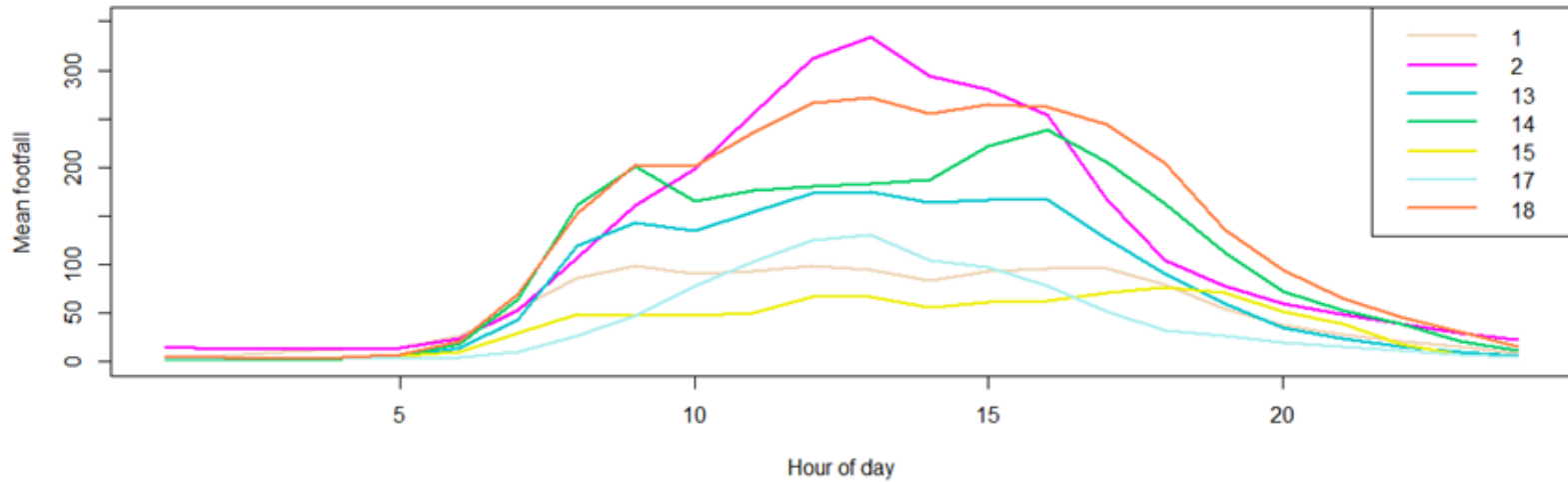
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Wifi sensors

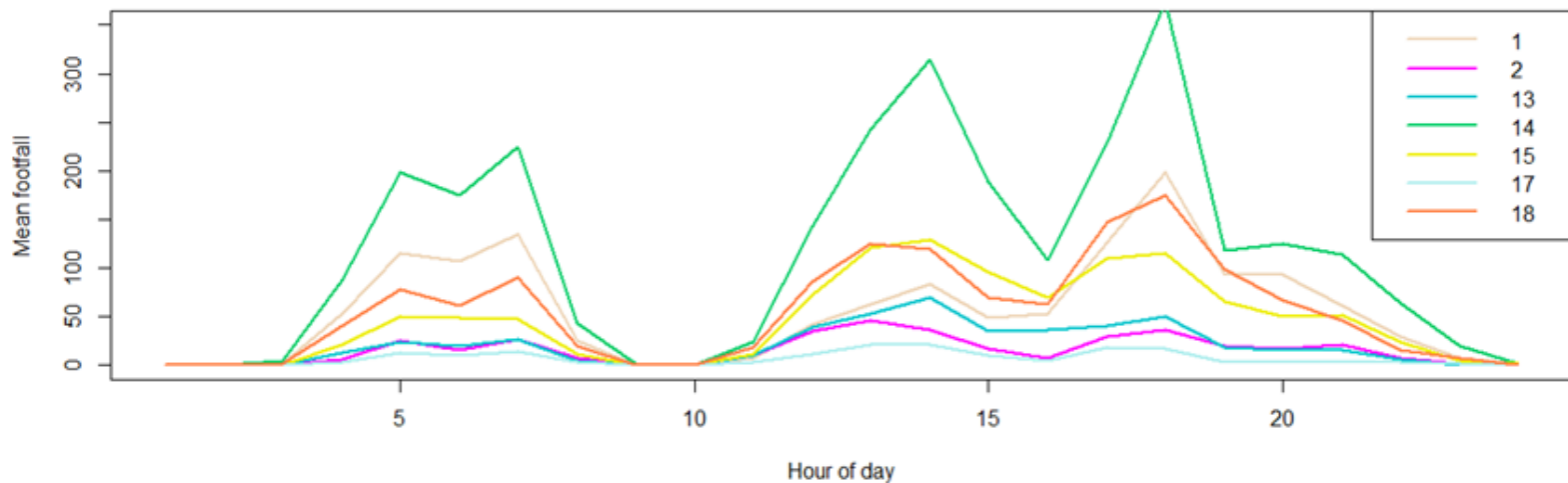


Footfall observations vs. model results

Mean 'weekday' observed footfall by sensor



Mean model footfall by sensor



Footfall observations vs. model results

What is the difference?

Retired people?

Unemployed people?

People with an irregular/flexible work schedule?

Conclusions

Modelling the ambient population

Not just counting numbers

But trying to model the behaviour of agents

Combining datasets

Big data, census, surveys...

Commuters vs. total ambient population



Thank you!

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